Table 1. Detection of antiviral drug-resistant viruses in Japan during the 2022/2023 influenza season

as of May 23, 2024

|                            |           |             |           | A(H3N2)   |            |               |           |            |             | В         |             |               |           |            |           |           |             |  |
|----------------------------|-----------|-------------|-----------|-----------|------------|---------------|-----------|------------|-------------|-----------|-------------|---------------|-----------|------------|-----------|-----------|-------------|--|
|                            | Baloxavir | Oseltamivir | Peramivii | Zanamivir | Laninamivi | ir Amantadine | Baloxavir | Oseltamivi | r Peramivir | Zanamivir | Laninamivii | · Amantadine  | Baloxavir | Oseltamivi | Peramivir | Zanamivir | Laninamivir |  |
| Resistant (%)              | 1 (1.2%)  | 1 (0.8%)    | 1 (0.8%)  | 0         | 0          | 75<br>(100%)  | 11 (1.8%) | 0          | 0           | 0         | 0           | 338<br>(100%) | 0         | 0          | 0         | 0         | 0           |  |
| Number of viruses tested   | 83        | 119         | 119       | 73        | 73         | 75            | 616       | 331        | 331         | 331       | 331         | 338           | 51        | 49         | 49        | 49        | 49          |  |
| Number of viruses reported |           | 212         |           |           |            |               |           | 3,587      |             |           |             |               |           | 90         |           |           |             |  |

Baloxavir was examined by focus reduction assay, rhPCR allelic discrimination and/or PA sequencing.

Amantadine was examined by M2 sequencing.

 $NA\ inhibitors\ were\ examined\ by\ fluorescence-based\ NA-Fluor\ assay,\ chemiluminescence-based\ NA-XTD\ assay,\ real\ time\ RT-PCR\ allelic\ discrimination\ and/or\ NA\ sequencing.$